## Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/526,184	MORITA ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	

	Nissa M. Westerberg	1618	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appea	ars on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED <u>24 June 2009</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS APP	LICATION IN CONDITION FOR A	LLOWANCE.	
1.  The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following rapplication in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appe for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods:	eplies: (1) an amendment, affidavit al (with appeal fee) in compliance	t, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing	date of the final rejection.		
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Ac no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire la	lvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth ter than SIX MONTHS from the mailing	g date of the final rejection	n.
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b) MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f)	).		
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date of have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extender 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the state forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later that may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	ension and the corresponding amount on tened statutory period for reply original contened statutory period for reply original contents.	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Offic	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compl	iance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be f	iled within two months	s of the date of
filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exten Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed with AMENDMENTS	sion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	
 3. ☐ The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, b	ut prior to the date of filing a brief,	will not be entered be	cause
(a) They raise new issues that would require further con	· •		
(b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below	•		
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in bette	er form for appeal by materially rec	lucing or simplifying t	ne issues for
appeal; and/or (d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a c	orresponding number of finally reig	octed claims	
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	orresponding number of finally reje	otod oldiirio.	
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12	See attached Notice of Non-Cor	mpliant Amendment (	PTOL-324).
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):			
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allo		imely filed amendmer	nt canceling the
non-allowable claim(s).	,	•	J
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided the status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:		l be entered and an e	xplanation of
Claim(s) allowed:			
Claim(s) objected to:			
Claim(s) rejected: Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:			
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
8. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but	before or on the date of filing a No	otice of Appeal will not	be entered
because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).			
<ol> <li>The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to over showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary</li> </ol>	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea	ıl and/or appellant fail	s to provide a
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation			
REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	da a NOT also attended in incident		
<ol> <li>The request for reconsideration has been considered but <u>See Continuation Sheet.</u></li> </ol>	•	condition for allowan	ce pecause:
<ul><li>12. ☐ Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i>(s). (I</li><li>13. ☐ Other:</li></ul>	PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)		
/Nissa M Westerberg/	/Jake M. Vu/		
Examiner, Art Unit 1618	Primary Examiner, Art U	nit 1618	
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Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: The rejections under 35 USC 103(a) of claims 1, 3 - 5, 8 - 10 and 12 over Dalle et al. (US 6,013,682; '682 patent) in view of Lochhead et al. (1993) or Sang et al. (US 6,143,310) in view of Dalle et al. (US 6,013,682) are MAINTAINED for the reasons of record set forth in the Office Action mailed April 24, 2009 and those set forth below.

Applicant traverses this rejection on the grounds that contrary to the assertions of the examiner, emulsions are formed in the '682 patent, the order of addition of ingredients are the same in the '682 patent and in one of the comparative examples 1 - 3 of the instant applications, similar ratios of components are utilized and this ratio is irrelevant as this is not a claimed feature and mixtures of ethers are not included in one of the examples of the instant application.

These arguments are not found persuasive. The comparisons must be made between the compositions of the instant application and the cited prior art. Thus, similar but not identical ratios of ingredients and the same order of addition in one but not all three examples mean that a proper comparison being made is not with the closest prior art. The emulsions prepared in '682 include laureth-3 and laureth-23, ingredients which are not present in the comparative examples 1 - 3 of the instant specification. While the ratio of ingredients in the comparative examples of the instant application and '682 may be similar, that is not sufficient. The ratio of these components determines the structure of the polymer that is obtained. From the information provided, the Examiner cannot determine if the three examples of component (A) given are sufficient to establish a trend that encompasses all linear organosilicon polymers with a main chain composed of diorganosiloxane units and alkylene units. As the claims are silent to this ratio, the claims do, as pointed out by Applicant, encompass all such polymers. While Applicant need not present data for all compositions encompasses by the claims, there is insufficient evidence to show a trend that would provide support for the entire claimed range.

The compositions of the instant claims contain two components, component (A) which has been discussed above, but also component (B), an oil that is liquid at room temperature and does not contain hydrosilation-reactive groups. The examples discussed in regards to the unexpected results on make use of one such oil. From one data point, it is difficult to establish a trend that supports unexpected results for all such oils that meet this limitation.

Therefore, the examples discussed are not a comparison with the closets prior art and are not sufficient to rebut the prima facie case of obviousness for the full breadth of the claims. Therefore, the rejections are maintained..